

# THE GLOBE-REPUBLICAN.

Official City and County Paper.

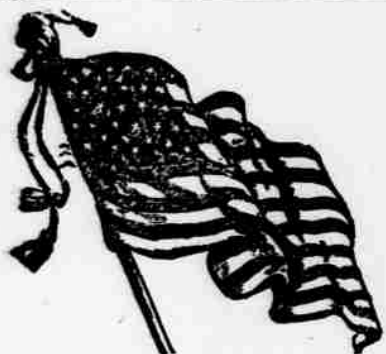
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**S. E. KLAINE,**  
 EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 1, 1898.



## REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor..... W. E. STANLEY  
 For Associate Justice..... W. E. SMITH  
 For Lieut. Governor..... H. E. RICHTER  
 For Secretary of State..... GEORGE A. CLARK  
 For Auditor of State..... GEORGE E. COLE  
 For State Treasurer..... FRANK E. GRIMES  
 For Attorney General..... A. A. GODDARD  
 For Supt. of Public Instruction..... FRANK NELSON

## CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Congress, at Large..... W. J. BAILEY  
 For Congress, 7th Dist..... CHESTER I. LONG

It is stated on medical authority that more men died from disease and exposure brought on by the use of liquor, than from the Spanish guns yellow fever.

In acknowledging the merits of reasonably old men for war a word may be included for grand old women. Miss Clara Barton is nearing the age of 70.

Just as nearly everybody else had forgotten to remember the Maine it is stated that McKinley will order a further investigation as soon as our troops occupy Havana.

The peace commissioners have been appointed, and consist of Day, Davis, Reid, White and Frye. They will not recede from the policy of the government or give Spain one inch.

During the year 1897 disease cut short the lives of 32,534 Spanish soldiers in Cuba, and malarial fever was slightly more fatal than yellow fever. The removal of Gen. Shafter's exhausted army was a wise precaution.

Now that the merchants of Santiago understand the situation they are jumping over each other to take American silver and greenbacks at a par with gold, while Mexican silver and Spanish silver (free coinage silver) goes at 50 per cent discount.

The total loss of the American army and navy in the recent war is reported to be 23 officers and 236 men killed and 87 officers and 1406 men wounded, an aggregate of 1752. In the civil war the Union army alone lost 4142 officers and 62,916 men killed, and in addition 43,012 died from wounds.

One Minute Cough Cure surprises people by its quick cures and children may take it in large quantities without the least danger. It has won for itself the best reputation of any preparation used today for colds, croup, tickling in the throat or obstinate coughs. The Palace Drug Co.

It is true that others imitate the methods employed in advertising Beggs' German Salve, others claim to heal and to cure disease because Beggs' German Salve, the only true ointment, has been so wonderfully successful. But in thousands of cases, as shown by grateful testimonials, Beggs' German Salve actually and permanently cures when other medicines fail to do any good whatever. For sale by W. F. Pine.

**CASTORIA.**  
 The Kind You Have Always Bought  
 Signature: *Wm. D. Mitchell*

## THE EXPANSION POLICY.

The Chinese empire affords a striking example of a country which has followed exclusion, and become a fit subject for dismemberment by the aggressive powers of Europe. Russia and England hardly cannot avoid a conflict in the alicing of the Mongolian empire.

History shows us that China was once the most powerful country on the globe, and the people were progressive in the arts and sciences. But China's decadence commenced when she shut herself off by an immense wall. This wall was built before the Christian era, and it was built to prevent the invasion of Tartars on Chinese territory. From this exclusion has grown an isolation which has shut out China from the world. Even the emperor of China is the most exclusive person in the world. His appearance in public is the signal for the cleaning of everything in the line of his march. Chinese officials send word to our minister that Americans will go upon the streets at their peril when the Emperor takes an airing. The soldiers at such times clear the streets of all carts. The people are supposed to remain in doors. They hang matting up in front of their houses and strips of blue cotton are stretched across the side streets so that no one may look out. As the procession goes by the Chinese get down on their knees behind the mats, and bump their heads on the ground in honor of the emperor. The emperor has soldiers with him, and he is usually accompanied by archers. These look out for sightseers, and the man who peeps through a hole in the mats may get an arrow or a bullet shot into his eye. If being out in the country and unable to get out of the way, they suddenly come upon such a procession, they must at once get down on their knees and keep their heads on the ground until his majesty has passed out of sight. He is so great that his officials have to remain on their knees while they are in his presence. No one except the ministers can see the emperor. Such a thing is impossible.

The United States must progress in the line for which circumstances has forced her; but this is not the only reason for expansion of territory. This country has outgrown the conditions which environed it when the isolation policy was adopted. The country has become the foremost nation on the globe. It has arrived at the beginning of a new era in its development. The increase of population has given our country an ascending above the horizon of Europe, and our country has become the peer of the great powers of the continent, and will take a hand in the adjustments of the government of the world.

The new conditions impose upon us a potent factor in our future course; one in fixing the destiny of the people of the world. We must broaden our horizon, and become familiar with the manners and customs of the world. This will require a greater breadth of education, in more careful studies of history. The progress of higher education will be made necessary, and the schoolmaster, the missionary and the artisan will find new fields in the undeveloped territory acquired by the policy of expansion.

The United States' trade with the newly acquired territory is large and ever increasing, and it becomes our duty to extend and protect these interests.

Having embarked on the sea of empire, the United States cannot wisely relinquish the position which circumstances has forced upon her. It will be necessary to hold the Philippines and whatever territory may fall into our possession. This is rendered doubly potent by the fact that we have forsaken our insular position and confined views of the sphere of our activity.

The people of the United States have lived very much to themselves, and have been extremely narrow and confined in their political scope. The expansion of territory and extension of influence and activity in various quarters of the globe, are agencies by which all classes of American citizens may broaden their minds and sympathies and views of life. Not alone wealth and power will this

bring, but increase mental growth and vigor, and an educating and stimulating force in the private and domestic life of the citizen.

Unless ruled by a monarchial form of government, such as one as rules China, no country can withstand the internal strifes that are gotten by exclusion and isolation. In our country, because the horizon of our politics was purely local, there has been fomented discord in political and social conditions, and from these ills of the people a remedy has been suggested in the administration of the government in different ways. Confined to the narrow limits of a State our people have attributed their misfortunes to political policies. Designing men have taken advantage of the distressed condition of the people and for personal and political preferment have augmented the disorders. Happily, our country is recovering from the blow of political absurdity, and patriotism is abounding, and the National life of the State will be preserved.

## ABOUT TIME.

The time has come for the leaders of the Democratic party to call a halt. This fusion or surrender business has about destroyed our party. When we remember former days in our State conventions everything was harmonious in the conventions. The party would come five or six hundred strong to the conventions from all parts of the State to renew their allegiance to Democratic principles. Now we have nothing but strife and confusion. We say to our leaders, let this miserable fusion business stop and we will once more have a united Democracy in our State, fighting for Democratic principles.—W. F. Petillon in Dodge City Democrat.

The Democrat hoists the name of Jerry Simpson for congress and the fusion county ticket, leaving the fusion, or Pop State ticket, among the invisible things. Mr. Petillon is not in sympathy with the State movement of fusion, but certain local circumstances give him consent to support the fusion county ticket. This is for the "pie" there is in it, or in prospect. After all, we must admire Mr. Petillon's bold stand for his party.

## The Truth That Hurts.

Congressman Simpson in his speech at Hutchinson said that while he opposed the construction of battle ships he favored cruisers, and gave as a reason for his opinion that the Brooklyn, a cruiser, bore the brunt of battle at Santiago.

Upon investigation we find that Congressman Simpson voted against the construction of the Brooklyn. The vote is in the Congressional Record for July 14, 1892.

Poor Mr. Simpson.—News.

If you will call at The Racket and Novelty Store occasionally, you will be profited. If you don't need any goods call anyway. You are always welcome.

Hon. Chester I. Long, candidate for congress, will address the people at Kinsley, Monday, Sept. 19th; Dodge City, Tuesday, Sept. 20th, and Cimarron, Wednesday, Sept. 21st. All meetings at 2 p. m. These meetings will be largely attended.

Capt. J. E. Finley is a candidate for Probate Judge, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention. Capt. Finley is thoroughly competent for the position, and with his large acquaintance throughout the county would certainly make a winning race.

Vine DePui is a candidate for County Attorney and he will ask for a nomination at the Republican county convention. Mr. DePui has been a resident of Ford county for 20 years and he is known to all our citizens. Should he be nominated he will certainly be elected, for he has the necessary qualifications for the office.

## Beggs' German Salve

is used in every house, writes one man from a country town. Entire neighborhood used it for Piles, Cuts, Burns and all skin diseases. The fame of its cures necessarily spread from town to town; friends tell friends what Beggs' German Salve has done, and the whole people acknowledge its merit, its healing qualities and its power of allaying pain. For sale by W. F. Pine.

Don't send away for music until you see what you can do at the Racket and Novelty Store. If you will give us your patronage we will give you city advantages in that line.  
 THE RACKET AND NOVELTY STORE.

## LEEDY FALLS DOWN.

### His Attempt to Bring the Supreme Court into the Campaign

Brings to Light Some Very Interesting Figures as to the Work of the Populist Judges in Squelching Railroads.

In his speech at the opening of the campaign in Valley Falls, Gov. Leedy used the following language in reference to Kansas corporations, more particularly referring to the railroad companies of the state:  
 "You cannot dog a corporation into our state court at present. Five or six years ago, when we began to complain about the regulation of corporations, the corporations rushed into the state supreme court. They said: 'There is our refuge and there is where we will go to be protected.' But we turned two of the gentlemen of that court out and put two other gentlemen in. Ought that to make any difference to these corporation gentlemen? Why, surely it ought not, but it does, because during the last two years we have at no time been able to dog them into the court of the state."

There is no mistaking the idea that Gov. Leedy intended to convey in this statement. He wished his hearers to believe that since the populists secured a majority of the supreme court in Kansas the decisions of that court had been so disastrous to the corporations that they no longer dared to enter the court with their litigation. This not only was the belief Gov. Leedy intended to impress upon his hearers, but is a belief constantly dwelt upon by the populist newspapers and unfailingly exploited by the populist stump speakers. Under the circumstances it is not to be wondered at if the public mind has become considerably imbued with the same idea. In the campaigns through which the populists secured control of the Kansas court it was promised that the corporations would be slaughtered. Before taking his seat Judge Doster significantly stated in the public prints that while he might be hampered by the decisions and precedents of 200 years he would search the laws diligently for some authority with which to curb the money interests. It was believed by nearly everybody that an anti-corporation crusade was about to be inaugurated by the populist supreme court, and we had it from the mouths of the populists themselves that a radical reorganization of former supreme court methods would certainly be carried out.

But records speak louder than the words of demagogic politicians, and we need only go to the docket of the supreme court to discover the falsity of Gov. Leedy's statements. Judge Frank Doster was seated as chief justice in January of 1897. In the year and six months which have since elapsed 47 decisions have been rendered by the supreme court in cases between the railroads and private citizens, and of this number 24 were in favor of the railroads and 23 in favor of the citizens. During the corresponding period of time when the republicans last held control of the court 33 of the same class of cases were disposed of, 11 being in favor of the railroads and 22 in favor of the citizens. The comparison shows pretty conclusively that there is no foundation for the belief that the present court is less friendly to corporations than its predecessor, for under the populists the railroads gained 51 per cent. of their cases and under the republicans but 33 per cent.

Going back still further, when Horton, Johnston and Valentine formed the supreme bench, we find that during a corresponding period of time the court passed upon 45 corporation cases, of which 19 were decided in favor of the railroads and 26 in favor of the citizens. Indeed, it is impossible to find a year since the court was organized, in 1861, when the per cent. of decisions in favor of the railroads was larger than it has been under the present populist court.

We do not wish to be understood as regarding these records as indicative of anything except the demagogy of Leedy and other populist politicians. So far as appearances go the supreme court of Kansas, both under republican and populist administrations, has endeavored to decide all cases brought before it according to law. While the populist politicians are virtually declaring that Kansas has a supreme court that is willing to decide cases according to political prejudice, they are given the lie direct by the records of the populist judges who seem to be guided by an honest purpose to administer the law fairly. So far from being afraid to trust their litigation in the hands of this populist court, the railroads are convinced that their rights are as faithfully guarded now as they ever have been, and proportionately with other litigation, they are taking as many cases to the supreme court as they ever did before.—Kansas City Journal.

## WILL KANSAS APPROVE IT?

Chief Justice Doster Making Political Speeches—Costs Added a Precedent Followed by Every Supreme Judge.

On Tuesday, at Fredonia, Frank Doster, chief justice of the supreme court of Kansas, addressed a populist rally. This is the first time in the history of Kansas that a chief justice, or an associate justice, ever took part in a political campaign or delivered a partisan speech. From the first organization of the court in 1861 it has been the rule that supreme court judges should hold themselves aloof from partisan contentions, and this rule has never been violated even by a judge who was the nominee of a party and seeking re-election. In the 18 years Albert H. Horton served as chief justice of the court he never once made a campaign speech. Associate Justice Valentine served for nearly 24 years

without ever facing a political audience. David Brewer has been on the bench for more than 30 years, as associate justice in Kansas, as United States circuit judge, and as a member of the federal supreme bench, and he has yet to make his first political speech. Judge Kingman served 16 years on the supreme bench in Kansas and was never induced to enter the political arena. Judge Johnston is now in his 14th year as a member of the Kansas supreme court and he always has avoided even the appearance of campaigning. Associate Justice Allen has been a member of the same court for nearly six years and he has taken no part in the campaigns of his party, though while a candidate and before his election he made a few political speeches. Up to this time no political central committee had ever assigned a supreme court judge to a part in the campaign of his party, and it remained for Judge Doster and the populist central committee to violate a usage as venerable as the state constitution.—Frank Montgomery, in Kansas City Journal.

## UNDER STANLEY'S BANNER.

E. G. Webb, Another Prominent Populist, Repudiates Gov. Leedy and Will Support the Republican Nominee.

Judge H. G. Webb, of Parsons, for several years one of the prominent populists of Kansas, last week joined the Stanley column, repudiating Gov. Leedy. Judge Webb was on the populist list of speakers for the campaign this fall and his open bolt of the populist ticket reveals the general feeling of revolt against Leedy in his own party. Mr. Webb was formerly judge of the Labette-Montgomery-Cherokee judicial district.

In his letter Judge Webb recounts the fact of his affiliation with the populist party and says of Mr. Stanley's nomination:

"It happened that I had some acquaintance with each of the aspirants. I said to my friends, regardless of politics, that I in no event would vote for the re-election of Leedy; that among the candidates whose names would be considered at Hutchinson that of W. E. Stanley was deserving of recognition; that I had known him for more than 20 years; that he was in fact a conservative, earnest and well-tempered republican, an upright, unpretending Christian gentleman, and I assure you that I was gratified when reliably advised that you were nominated, since which time I have repeatedly declared my desire that you shall be elected and a purpose to aid, by contributing my vote in accordance with such desire.

"I have no hesitancy in saying that in my judgment your election to the official station to which you now aspire will supply the gubernatorial chair of this state with a measure of ability, learning, culture and uprightness of intention which have not recently characterized it; that your administration will be well tempered, conservative and free from fanaticism. It is because of the fact that I believe such will be your purpose that I hope to be able to congratulate you in November because of your triumphant election to the proudest position within the gift of the people of Kansas. I am, very respectfully, your friend."

## SURE ENOUGH, WHY NOT?

A Populist Editor Asks Leedy a Pointed Question—Why Not Call a Special Session of the Legislature?

Walter Costigan, the well-known populist editor, asks Gov. Leedy a question which will strike everybody as being full of good sense, as follows: "If the principles laid down in the Topeka platform are so near and dear to the populist heart, why don't you call a special session of the legislature this fall and adopt them into law? You now have absolute control of all branches of the state government, and if these principles are such grand things why run the chance of an adverse election? Why not make them into laws now? This may be your only chance for sometime.

"The fact is the administration doesn't intend to carry out the pledges in that platform any more than it did the pledges of the Abilene platform. If it intended to, Leedy knows that not a single democrat in Kansas would vote for him this fall. The platform means nothing. If so many things need remedying the populists should remedy them now, while they have the legislature. Not a single plank in the Abilene platform was carried out, and not a single one in the Topeka platform will be carried out in the event of populist success. If the legislature attempted to carry out one of them, Leedy would veto the bill."

## ENOUGH OF POPULISM.

Judge J. S. Worley, an Attorney of Osawatimie, Tells Why He Will Make His Political Home Elsewhere.

Judge J. S. Worley, an attorney of Osawatimie and a former populist, has sent the central committee of his party the following: "I hereby tender my resignation as committeeman, populist party, Third ward, Osawatimie city, this county. The Third ward has been the banner ward for populist votes of this entire county, hence it is not because of our showing that makes me resign, but for the sole and exclusive reason that I desire to no longer be regarded as a member of the populist party. I am convinced of the 'snare and delusion' and will make my political home elsewhere. I have been a long time 'coming around,' but the national administration has courted my patriotism to a finish."

Judge Worley was a delegate to the late populist county convention. He will take the stump for the republican ticket.

BANKS in Iowa have been accumulating deposits at the rate of over a million a month for the past year. This is an illustration of how the people of a state can manage to worry along even though deprived of the fostering stimulus of sixteen to one.

The Women's Relief Corps will go to Cincinnati via Santa Fe's special through train, which will leave here (or nearest junction point) on September 4. Round-trip ticket from here costs only \$28.00.

A stubborn cough or tickling in the throat yields to One Minute Cough Cure. Harmless in effect, touches the right spot, reliable and just what is wanted. It acts at once. The Palace Drug Co.

## \$25.70 to Cincinnati and Return.

Tickets on sale September 2, 3 and 4, limited to October 2, 1898. Agent Santa Fe Route will reserve berths in sleeper and check baggage through.

Truth wears well. People have learned that DeWitt's Little Early Risers are reliable little pills for regulating the bowels, curing constipation and sick headaches. They don't grip. The Palace Drug Co.

## Through Cars to Cincinnati.

Pullman Palace and Tourist sleepers and free chair cars to Cincinnati without change, via Santa Fe Route, on September 4, 1898. Round-trip ticket costs only \$23.80.

## A Wonderful Medicine.

"Beggs' Little Giant Pills" for weak stomach, impaired digestion, disordered liver, sick headache, constipation, female ailments, are absolutely without a rival. Take no substitute, ask for "Beggs." For sale by W. F. Pine.

You invite disappointment when you experiment. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are pleasant, easy, thorough little pills. They cure constipation and sick headache just as sure as you take them. The Palace Drug Co.

More than twenty million free samples of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve have been distributed by the manufacturers. What better proof of their confidence in its merits do you want? It cures piles, burns, scalds, sores, in the shortest space of time. The Palace Drug Co.

For diarrhoea dysentery, colic, cholera, flux and all summer complaints, nothing is so gentle, soothing and effective, as Beggs' Diarrhoea Balsam. It never fails to give relief and if taken in time will effect a speedy cure. Be sure that you get "Beggs'" the only remedy with a national reputation. For sale by W. F. Pine.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has the largest sale of any Salve in the world. This fact and its merit has led dishonest people to attempt to counterfeit it. Look out for the man who attempts to deceive you when you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the great pile cure. The Palace Drug Co.

## It Absolutely Has No Equal

and all others who claim their's is as good as Beggs' German Salve are imitators. A fair trial will convince any one that there is no preparation yet discovered, that stands even an equal in allaying pain and in its healing qualities. For sale by W. F. Pine.

For broken surfaces, sores, insect bites, burns, skin diseases and especially piles there is one reliable remedy, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. When you call for DeWitt's don't accept counterfeits or brands. You will not be disappointed with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The Palace Drug Co.

Beggs' German Salve is an invaluable remedy for cuts, burns, bruises, scalds, chapped hands, sore nipples, sore lips, eczema, ulcers, chronic sores, skin eruptions, fever sores, and all skin diseases. For sale by W. F. Pine.

The ladies of the G. A. R. have arranged for through train to Cincinnati via Santa Fe on September 4. The round trip is \$23.80. An excellent opportunity to give your family an outing.



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 World's Columbian Exposition  
 HAS BEEN AWARDED TO THE  
 Davis Sewing Machine Co.  
 For Its High Grade Family Sewing Machine.  
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